



User-Centricity

What It Means, How It Works, Why It's Needed

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How Relentless Focus on End-Users Raises **Adoption and Delivers Better Services to Citizens**







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Lisbon, Tallinn, Berlin declarations

Lisbon 2007

"Deliver eGovernment services that are easier to use and of benefit to all citizens by increasing user centricity, improving accessibility, convenience and user experience"



Tallinn 2017

"User-centricity principles for design and delivery of digital public services"



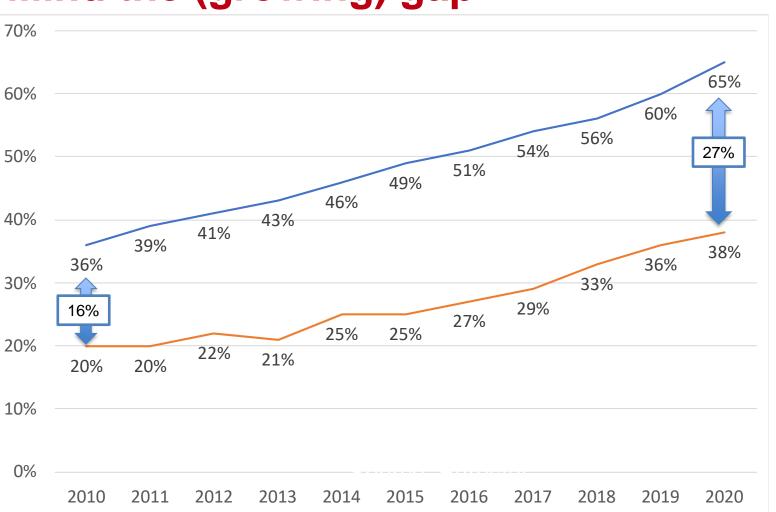
Berlin 2020

"To promote a **human-centred**, responsible and common-good oriented development and use of AI and other novel technologies in the public sector"

JUST DECLARE IT.



Mind the (growing) gap



e-commerce users

e-government users

(source: Eurostat)



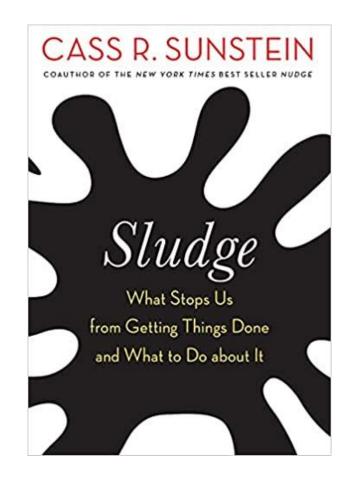
More than a slick interface

- Portugal social energy tariff
- Helps all eligible citizens, with proactive registration based on government data
- 763,319 families in 2020



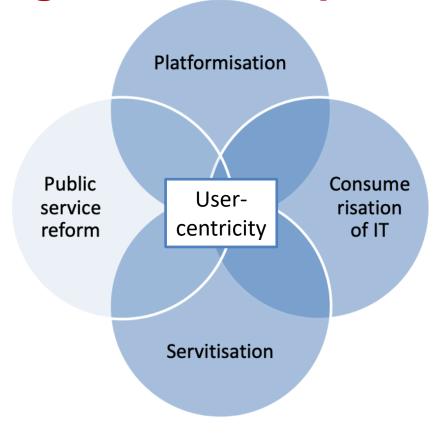


"Confronted by sludge, people just give up — and lose a promised outcome: a visa, a job, a permit, an educational opportunity, necessary medical help"





The Convergence of Multiple Trends





How to bridge the gap

- It's not rocket science
- Service design is mature and codified (service and user experience standards, academic disciplines and job profiles)
- A question of incentives:
 - Think local: cities have both the *incentives* and the *understanding* thanks to direct contact with citizens
 - Need for greater accountability and transparency mechanisms, as substitutes of market mechanisms

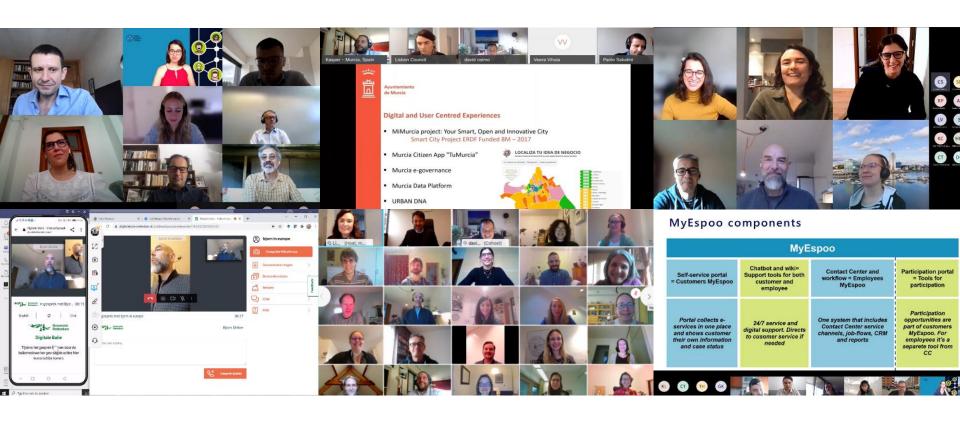


Cities on the move





Discussing lessons learnt and best practice





Defining common indicators on https://discuss.usercentricities.eu/

1. ENABLERS

1.1 Skills

* The number of professionals with user experience / user research / service design skills

* The number of ICT specialists employed by the local authority

* The share of citizens with at least basic digital skills at local level (or national level, based on data availability)



* Number of civil servants that received training in ICT



* Total number of employees of the local authority

* Any additional indicators (and sources)?



1.2 Incentives

* Does the local authority offer incentives for citizens to use digital services (such as lower costs for online)?



* Does the local authority provide onboarding of citizens in digital services?



* The number of citizens that received training on digital public service use





Measuring in number may be misleading as it depend on the size of the local authority. Maybe an indicator based on Yes/No related to the involvement of such professional in the process of designing services can be more significant



Paola Russillo 29/09/2021 09:15 - (%)





Good indicator, would advise two others as well: 1. Percentage of professionals with UX experience on the total population (huge city with one UX specialist vs small village with one UX specialist) 2. Try to determine the quality of the people working on/with UX, the existence of (what number / percentage of) processes in which UX is mentioned. In the latter it of course matters whether or not the UX is executed during the process

Maarja Kõue 30/09/2021 17:07 - 😘 💚 !





In addition to the number there could be extra question whether in developing new services people with such expertise are involved.

Bjorn Dirkse 01/10/2021 14:53 - 😘 💚 📳





also referring to the questions/suggestions above: what will be the (objevctive) indicator? who counts as "professional with skills"? will I? no diploma's, just experience, do we need a questionaire to assess these things?

Marc Pérez-Batile 09/11/2021 08:29 - 🕞





It also depends a lot on the city's service creation strategy. An IT department that completely outsources the creation of services is not the same as one that creates them in-house.



Roadmap to user-centricity

- Involve the local level from the early stages
- Use political clout not only for securing funding but also to enforce guidelines and standards
- Extend the European Interoperability Framework to include service standards
- Make the publication of metrics on the adoption of digital services compulsory
- Monitor, monitor, monitor